

Jehovah Nissi

NOTES

Illustration: When Moses looked heavenward with outstretched arms, Israel was looking to ⁽²²⁾ _____ as their ⁽²³⁾ _____. Moses knew Israel alone could not stand, but Jehovah could uphold them. Moses led the people to look to the Lord, and as they looked by faith, the victory was theirs.

The name ⁽²⁴⁾ _____ appears only here in this text, although the message is carried throughout Scripture.

Examples: *"The battle is the Lord's"* and the victory is His alone. David said in 1 Samuel 17:45-47, *"...the battle is the Lord's, and he will give you into our hands."* Repeatedly the Scriptures say, *"The Lord, He will fight for thee."* *"The Lord is with us, fear them not."*

⁽²⁵⁾ _____ is the standard by which the armies of Israel would defeat their enemies - *"If God be for us, who can be against us?"* (Romans 8:31)

The ⁽²⁶⁾ _____ of Moses was a visible symbol of that invisible banner of God. Lift high His standard, *"Look and Live."* (Exodus 4)

In the war with Amelek, Jehovah could have done without Israel, but Israel could not have done without Jehovah!

⁽²⁷⁾ _____ is a type of sin and represents the flesh, the natural man (lost, sinful, and against God).

Moses took the ⁽²⁸⁾ _____ of God that he had ⁽²⁹⁾ _____ before the people at the rock that brought forth water. With the rod, Moses encouraged Joshua and his men by promising to stand upon the hill with the rod of God lifted heavenward.

We understand that as long as the ⁽³⁰⁾ _____ was held up, ⁽³¹⁾ _____ prevailed, and when the ⁽³²⁾ _____ was lowered, ⁽³³⁾ _____ prevailed.

